

A NOVEL RING CONTRACTION OF 4-BROMO-2,3-DIHYDROBENZO-  
[b]THIEPIN-5(4H)-ONE

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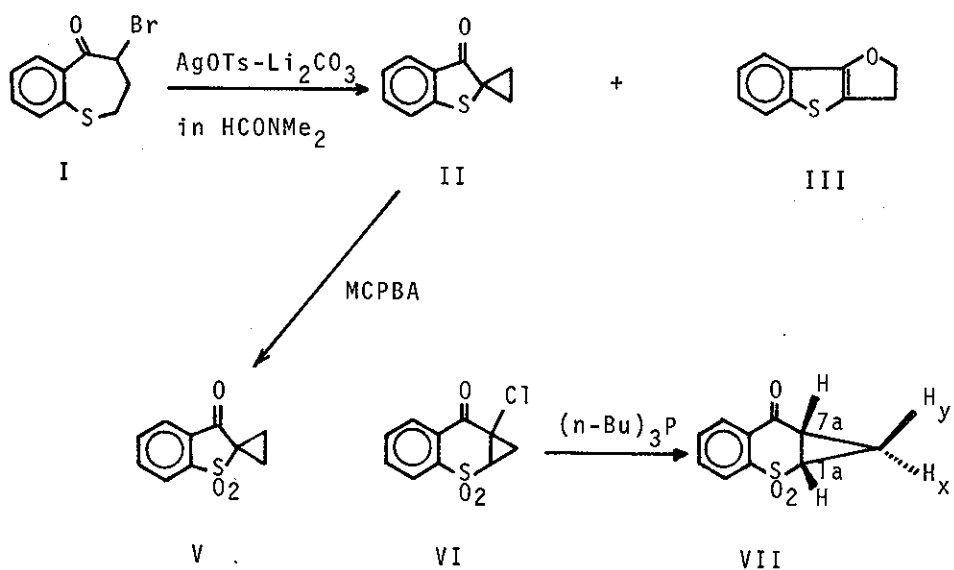
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The unexpected ring contraction of 4-bromo-2,3-dihydrobenzo[b]thiepin-5(4H)-one (I) to 3-oxo-2,3-dihydro[1]benzothiophen-2-spirocyclopropane (II) besides 2,3-dihydro[1]benzothieno[3,2-b]furan (III) is reported.

Recently, much attention has been directed toward the chemistry of benzothiepins.<sup>1</sup> The first report on the ring contraction of 4-bromo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[b]thiepin-5-ol to 2-(2-bromoethyl)benzo[b]thiophen has been described by Chatterjee et al. in 1974.<sup>2</sup> We now wish to report an other but totally different example of ring contraction reaction of 4-bromo-2,3-dihydrobenzo[b]thiepin-5(4H)-one (I) to 3-oxo-2,3-dihydro[1]benzothiophen-2-spirocyclopropane (II) and 2,3-dihydro[1]benzothieno[3,2-b]furan (III) which was found during our work on thiaazulenes.<sup>3</sup>

The reaction of I (0.5 g) with 2 molar equiv of  $\text{AgOTs-Li}_2\text{CO}_3$  in refluxed dry  $\text{HCONMe}_2$  for 12 hr gave two crystalline compounds,

which were separated by preparative thin-layer chromatography on silica-gel (Wakogel B-10) using a mixed benzene- n-hexane (1 : 3) solvent, II as colorless prisms in 24 % yield, mp 70° from CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>- n-hexane, and III as colorless prisms in 6 % yield, mp 59-60° from n-hexane (lit.<sup>4</sup> mp 58-60°). The structure assignment of II is based on the following spectral data : nmr (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 1.25-1.98 (4H, m, A<sub>2</sub>B<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>,-H, C<sub>3</sub>,-H), 7.02-7.62, and 7.68-7.92 (each 2H, m, ArH); ir ν max (KBr) 1690, 1590, 1450, 1320, 1080, 970, and 735 cm<sup>-1</sup>. And II was also chemically confirmed by oxi-

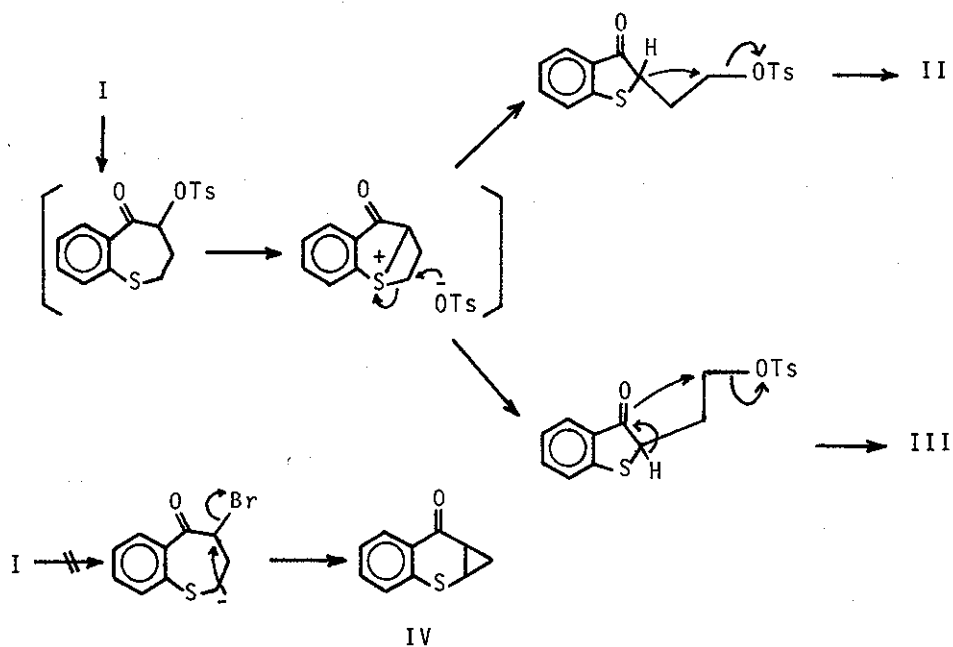


dation using *m*-chloroperbenzoic acid (MCPBA) to afford 3-oxo-2,3-dihydro[1]benzothiophen-2-spirocyclopropane 1,1-dioxide (V) as colorless prisms in 92 % yield, mp 202° from CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>- *n*-hexane : nmr (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 1.70-2.21 (4H, m, A<sub>2</sub>B<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>,-H, C<sub>3</sub>,-H) and 7.60-8.19 (4H, m, ArH); ir ν max (KBr) 1720, 1590, 1460, 1350, 1150, and 990 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Quite recently, a similar reaction<sup>4</sup> between I and LiBr-Li<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> in the refluxing HCONMe<sub>2</sub> was reported to give III in 15 % yield and 1,1a,7,7a-tetrahydrobenzo[*b*]cyclopropa[*e*]thiopyran-7-one (IV) in 1 % yield. Interestingly, the data on II are in good accord with those of IV. However, our compound, V is apparently different in both their nmr and ir spectra from 1,1a,7,7a-tetrahydrobenzo[*b*]cyclopropa[*e*]thiopyran-7-one 2,2-dioxide (VII) which is colorless oil, bp<sub>2</sub> 120° and was prepared in 48 % yield by reduction of 7a-chloro-1,1a,7-trihydrobenzo[*b*]cyclopropa[*a*]thiopyran-7-one 2,2-dioxide (VI)<sup>5</sup> with (n-Bu)<sub>3</sub>P. VII : nmr (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 1.66 (1H, q, J<sub>C<sub>1x</sub>-C<sub>7a</sub></sub> = J<sub>C<sub>1x</sub>-C<sub>1a</sub></sub> = 7 Hz, C<sub>1</sub>-H<sub>x</sub>), 1.94 (1H, d.t, J<sub>C<sub>1y</sub>-C<sub>7a</sub></sub> = 8 Hz, J<sub>C<sub>1y</sub>-C<sub>1a</sub></sub> = J<sub>C<sub>1y</sub>-C<sub>1x</sub></sub> = 7 Hz, C<sub>1</sub>-H<sub>y</sub>), 2.82 (1H, d.t, J<sub>C<sub>7a</sub>-C<sub>1y</sub></sub> = J<sub>C<sub>7a</sub>-C<sub>1a</sub></sub> = 8 Hz, J<sub>C<sub>7a</sub>-C<sub>1x</sub></sub> = 7 Hz, C<sub>7a</sub>-H), 3.42 (1H, d.q, J<sub>C<sub>1a</sub>-C<sub>7a</sub></sub> = 8 Hz, J<sub>C<sub>1a</sub>-C<sub>1x</sub></sub> = J<sub>C<sub>1a</sub>-C<sub>1y</sub></sub> = 7 Hz, C<sub>1a</sub>-H), and 7.69-8.12 (4H, m, ArH); ir ν max (film) 1690, 1600, 1450, 1320, 1150, 970, and 870 cm<sup>-1</sup>.<sup>6</sup>

Thus, we propose the following mechanism (Scheme I) for the transformation of I into II and III.<sup>2</sup>

Further related studies directed toward the applications to other ring systems are also in progress.



Scheme I

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