

CYCLODIENONES. 9. REACTION OF 4-HALO-2,4,6-TRI-*tert*-BUTYL-2,5-CYCLOHEXADIEN-1-ONES WITH PYRAZOLES AND PREPARATION OF 1-(2-HYDROXYPHENYL)- AND 1-(4-HYDROXYPHENYL)PYRAZOLES¹

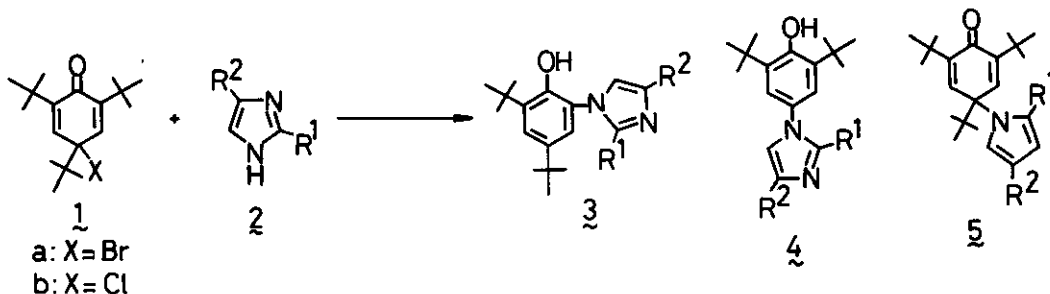
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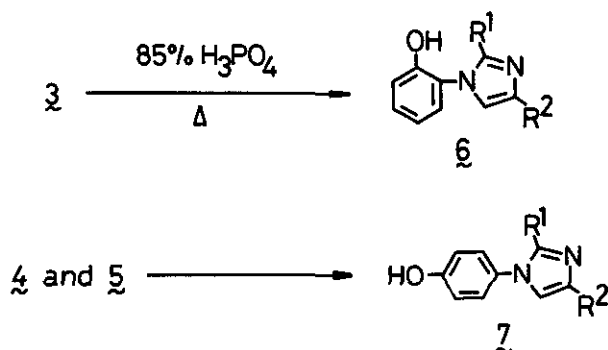
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Abstract — Reaction of 4-halo-2,4,6-tri-*tert*-butyl-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-one (**1**) with pyrazoles (**2**) afforded 4-(pyrazol-1-yl)-2,4,6-tri-*tert*-butyl-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ones (**3**), 1-(4-hydroxy-3,5-di-*tert*-butylphenyl)- and 1-(2-hydroxy-3,5-di-*tert*-butylphenyl)pyrazoles (**4** and **5**) together with by-products. De-*tert*-butylation of **3**, **4** and **5** was carried out in boiling 85% H₃PO₄ to give the corresponding 1-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- and 1-(2-hydroxyphenyl)pyrazoles (**6** and **7**) in good yields, respectively.

Recently, we reported that reaction of 4-halo-2,4,6-tri-*tert*-butyl-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ones (**1**) with imidazoles (**2**) afforded 1-(2-hydroxy-3,5-di-*tert*-butylphenyl)- and 1-(4-hydroxy-2,6-di-*tert*-butylphenyl)imidazoles (**3** and **4**) and 4-(imidazol-1-yl)-2,4,6-tri-*tert*-butyl-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ones (**5**).²



It was also found that these compounds λ , μ and ν were easily de-tert-butylated by treatment with boiling 85% H_3PO_4 to give the corresponding 1-(2-hydroxyphenyl)- and 1-(4-hydroxyphenyl)imidazoles (ξ and ζ) in almost quantitative yields, respectively.³



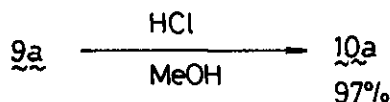
We now wish to report the reaction of λ with pyrazoles (η) and de-tert-butylation of the reaction products.

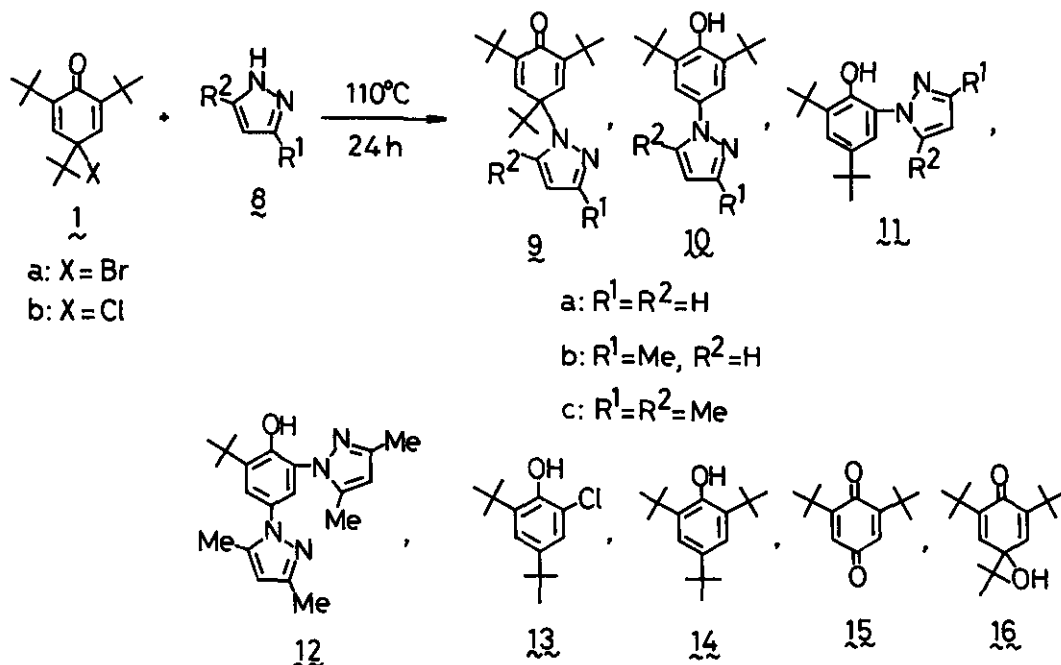
RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Reaction of λ with pyrazoles (η).- Reaction of λ with pyrazole (η_a), 3-methyl- and 3,5-dimethylpyrazole (η_b and η_c) was carried out at 110°C for 24 h and the results are summarized in Table 1 and Scheme 1.

As is shown in Table 1, the reactions of λ_a and λ_b with pyrazole (η_a) itself afforded 4-(pyrazol-1-yl)-2,4,6-tri-tert-butyl-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-one (θ_a), 1-(4-hydroxy-3,5-di-tert-butylphenyl)- and 1-(2-hydroxy-3,5-di-tert-butylphenyl)pyrazole (ι_0a and ι_1a) together with by-products such as λ_2 , λ_4 , λ_5 and λ_6 which are known compounds.² However, reactivity of λ_a to η_a seems to be less than that of λ_b .

Reaction of λ_b with η_b gave θ_b , ι_0b and ι_1b in moderate yields, respectively. On the contrary, the case with η_c afforded θ_c , ι_0c , ι_1c and λ_2 in poor yields. It might be explained by steric hindrance of the methyl group at 5 position of η_c . Compound θ might be an intermediate for the formation of ι_0 . Indeed when θ_a was treated with hydrochloric acid in methanol, ι_0a was obtained in good yield.





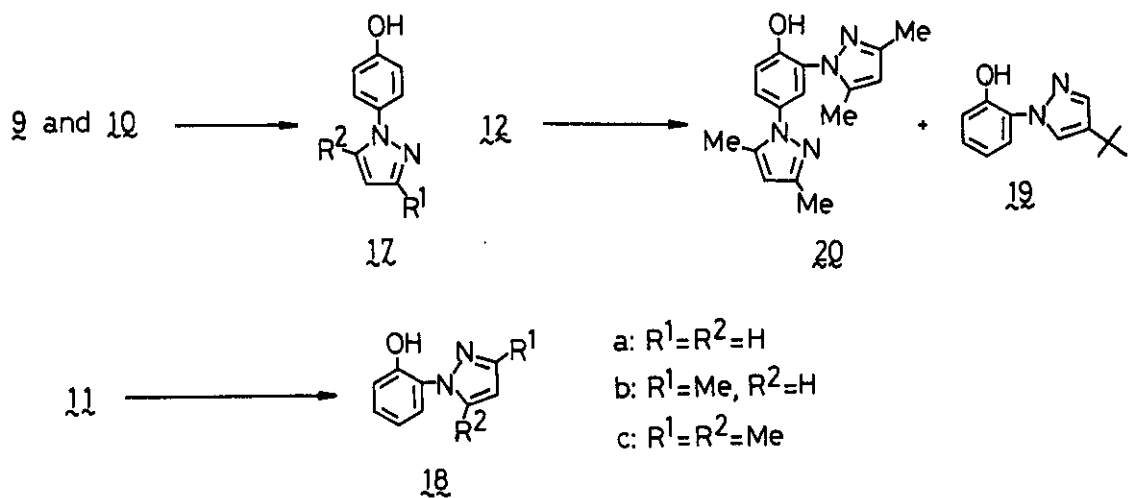
Scheme 1

Table 1. Reaction of **1** with **8** at 110°C (bath temperature) for 24h.^{a)}

Run	Dienone	Pyrazole	Products (%)
1	1a	8a	9a (2), 10a (21), 11a (21), 14 (49), 15 (trace)
2	1b	8a	9a (22), 10a (16), 11a (27), 13 (11), 14 (3), 15 (2)
3	1b	8b	9b (14), 10b (41), 11b (33), 13 (5), 14 (2), 15 (trace)
4	1b	8c	9c (15), 10c (6), 11c (6), 12 (7), 13 (23), 14 (19), 15 (2), 16 (4)

a) Molar ratio: $\frac{1}{8} = \frac{1 \text{ mole}}{2 \text{ mole}}$. Reaction was carried out under nitrogen atmosphere.

b) Isolated yields are shown.



Scheme 2

Table 2. The tert-butylation of 9, 10, 11 and 12 in boiling H₃PO₄ solution.^{a)}

Run	Substrate	Time(h)	Products(%) ^{b)}
1	9a	12	17a (91)
2	9b	4	17b (99)
3	9c	4	17c (85)
4	10a	12	17a (88)
5	10b	4	17b (99)
6	10c	4	17c (92)
7	11a	18	18a(58), 19(13)
8	11a	36	18a(70), 19(6)
9	11b	4	18b(85)
10	11c	4	18c(95)
11	12	4	20 (66) ^{c)}

a) Reaction temperature: 180°C (bath temperature).

b) Isolated yields are shown.

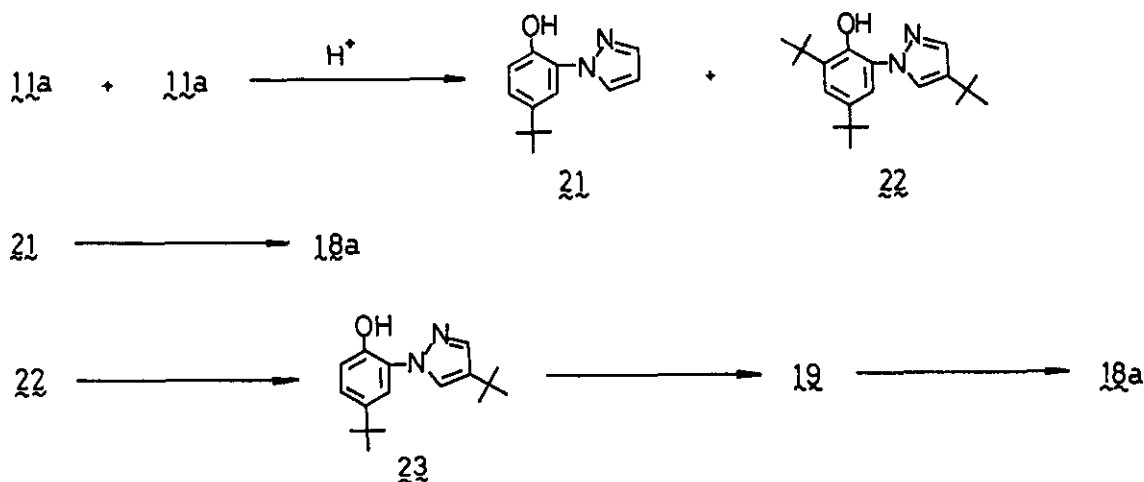
c) Starting material 12 was recovered in 24% yield.

When the products **9**, **10** and **11** were treated with boiling 85% H_3PO_4 according to the reported method,³ the expected compounds were obtained in almost quantitative yields, respectively (Table 2 and Scheme 2).

It should be noted that prolonged reaction time was necessary to obtain **17a** and **18a** from **9a**, **10a** and **11a** in high yield, respectively. The isolation of compound **19** in the de-tert-butylation of **11a** might suggest that the dealkylation of tert-butyl group on the pyrazole ring occurred more slowly than that on the phenolic ring.

Although the reaction pathway of formation of **19** is not clear, the following Scheme 3 might be tentatively proposed. Indeed, an intermediate **21** was obtained together with **19** and **18a** when the reaction stopped after 4 h.

The reaction routes from **1** to 1-(2-hydroxy)- and 1-(4-hydroxyphenyl)pyrazoles seem to be a practical method.



Scheme 3

EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

Reaction of 1 with 8 (General Procedure).- After a mixture of 1 (5 mmol) and 8 (10 mmol) was heated at 110°C (bath temperature) for 24 h under nitrogen atmosphere, it was cooled to room temperature and poured into 50 ml of chloroform. The chloroform solution was washed with 30 ml of 10% hydrochloric acid, dried with sodium sulfate and evaporated in vacuo to leave the residue which was chromatographed on silica gel to afford the products (see Table 1).

Eluent solvent: hexane; products: 13, 14, 11, 9 (eluent order); benzene; products: 16, 15, 10, 12.

9a: colorless prisms (MeOH-H₂O), mp 89-90°C, IR (KBr): $\nu_{C=O}$ 1665, 1645 cm⁻¹. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ 0.97 (9H, s), 1.28 (19H, s), 6.25 (1H, dd, J = 2.2 and 2.0 Hz), 7.24 (2H, s), 7.48-7.57 (2H, m). Mass m/e (r.int): 328 (M⁺, 38), 313 (58), 272 (100). Anal. Calcd for C₂₁H₃₂N₂O: C, 76.78; H, 9.82; N, 8.53. Found: C, 76.58; H, 9.70; N, 8.56.

9b: colorless plates (MeOH-H₂O), mp 69-71°C, IR (KBr): $\nu_{C=O}$ 1670, 1650 cm⁻¹. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ 0.99 (9H, s), 1.27 (18H, s), 2.27 (3H, s), 6.00 and 7.88 (each 1H, d, J = 1.8 Hz), 7.20 (2H, s). Mass m/e (r.int): 342 (M⁺, 2), 327 (6), 286 (100). Anal. Calcd for C₂₂H₃₄N₂O: C, 77.15; H, 10.00; N, 8.18. Found: C, 76.97; H, 9.96; N, 8.57.

9c: colorless prisms (MeOH-H₂O), mp 107-108°C, IR (KBr): $\nu_{C=O}$ 1665, 1645 cm⁻¹. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.20 (9H, s), 1.24 (18H, s), 2.12 and 2.20 (each 3H, s), 6.73 (1H, s), 6.88 (2H, s). Mass m/e (r.int): 356 (M⁺, 3), 341 (5), 300 (100). Anal. Calcd for C₂₃H₃₆N₂O: C, 77.48; H, 10.18; N, 7.86. Found: C, 77.41; H, 10.11; N, 8.06.

10a: colorless prisms (C₆H₁₄), mp 132-133°C, IR (KBr): ν_{OH} 3500 cm⁻¹. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.48 (18H, s), 6.40 (1H, t, J = 2.0 Hz), 5.24 (1H, s, disappeared with D₂O), 7.66, 7.77 (each 1H, d, J = 2.0 Hz). Mass m/e (r.int): 272 (M⁺, 100), 257 (99). Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₂₄N₂O: C, 74.96; H, 8.88; N, 10.28. Found: C, 74.94; H, 8.85; N, 10.36.

10b: colorless needles (C₆H₁₄), mp 127-128°C, IR (KBr): ν_{OH} 3100 cm⁻¹. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.46 (18H, s), 2.36 (3H, s), 5.19 (1H, s, disappeared with D₂O), 6.16, 7.62 (each 1H, d, J = 2*2 Hz), 7.34 (2H, s). Mass m/e (r.int): 286 (M⁺, 100), 271 (76). Anal. Calcd for C₁₈H₂₆N₂O: C, 75.48; H, 9.15; N, 9.78. Found: C, 75.55; H, 9.11; N, 9.59.

10c: colorless prisms (C₆H₁₄), mp 163-164°C, IR (KBr): ν_{OH} 3430 cm⁻¹. ¹H-NMR (CD-

Cl₃): δ 1.43 (18H, s), 2.21, 2.28 (each 3H, s), 5.25 (1H, s, disappeared with D₂O), 5.92 (1H, s), 7.12 (2H, s). Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₂₈N₂O: C, 75.96; H, 9.39; N, 9.32. Found: C, 76.15; H, 9.44; N, 9.29.

11a: pale yellow liquid, IR (NaCl): ν_{OH} 3150 cm⁻¹, ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.32, 1.46 (each 9H, s), 6.44 (1H, t, J = 2.0 Hz), 7.17, 7.23 (each 1H, d, J = 2.2 Hz), 7.67, 7.91 (each 1H, d, J = 2.0 Hz), 11.16 (1H, s, disappeared with D₂O). Mass m/e (r.int): 272 (M⁺, 43), 257 (100). Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₂₄N₂O: C, 75.04; H, 8.88; N, 10.28. Found: 74.96; H, 9.04; N, 10.00.

11b: colorless prisms (MeOH-H₂O), mp 43-45°C, IR (KBr): ν_{OH} 3100 cm⁻¹. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.31, 1.45 (each 9H, s), 2.36 (3H, s), 6.22 (1H, d, J = 2.2 Hz), 7.12, 7.18 (each 1H, d, J = 2.5 Hz), 7.80 (1H, d, J = 2.2 Hz), 11.42 (1H, s, disappeared with D₂O). Mass (r.int): m/e 286 (M⁺, 50), 271 (100). Anal. Calcd for C₁₈H₂₆N₂O: C, 75.48; H, 9.15; N, 9.78. Found: C, 75.33; H, 9.14; N, 9.54.

11c: colorless prisms (MeOH-H₂O), mp 110-111°C, IR (KBr): ν_{OH} 3450 cm⁻¹. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.28, 1.43 (each 9H, s), 2.28, 2.32 (each 3H, s), 6.00 (1H, s), 6.98, 7.23 (each 1H, d, J = 2.5 Hz), 9.49 (1H, s, disappeared with D₂O). Mass m/e (r.int) 300 (M⁺, 69), 285 (100). Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₂₈N₂O: C, 75.96; H, 9.39; N, 9.32. Found: C, 76.08; H, 9.38; N, 9.30.

12: colorless needles (C₆H₁₄), mp 181-183°C, IR (KBr): ν_{OH} 3450 cm⁻¹. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.44 (9H, s), 2.23, 2.28, 2.31, 2.37 (each 3H, s), 5.94, 6.02 (each 1H, s), 7.06, 7.24 (each 1H, d, J = 2.5 Hz), 10.04 (1H, br.s. disappeared with D₂O). Mass m/e (r.int): 338 (M⁺, 100), 323 (52), 296 (62). Anal. Calcd for C₂₀H₂₆N₄O: C, 70.98; H, 7.74; N, 16.55. Found: C, 71.41; H, 7.91; N, 16.11.

Treatment of 9a with 10% hydrochloric acid in methanol.- After a solution of 300 mg (9.13 mmol) of 9a and 4 ml of conc.HCl in 20 ml of MeOH was refluxed for 2 h, it was poured into 50 ml of water. The solution was neutralized with NaHCO₃ and extracted with chloroform (20 ml x 4). The extract was dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated in vacuo to give 241 mg (97%) of 10a.

De-tert-butylation in Boiling 85% H₃PO₄ (Typical Procedure).- After a suspension of 500 mg of 9b in 3 ml of 85% H₃PO₄ was refluxed for 4 h, it was poured into 100 ml of ice-water. The reaction mixture was neutralized with NaHCO₃ and extracted with chloroform (30 ml x 5). The CHCl₃ solution was dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated in vacuo to leave the residue which was chromatographed with silica gel using CHCl₃ as an eluent to give 252 mg (99%) of 17b.

17a: colorless needles (C₆H₁₄), mp 108-108.5°C. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ 6.41 (1H, t, J =

- 2.0 Hz), 6.94, 7.34 (each 2H, d, $J = 9.0$ Hz), 7.68, 7.72 (each 1H, d.d., $J = 2.0$ and 0.5 Hz), 7.80-7.96 (1H, br. disappeared with D_2O). Mass m/e (r.int): 160 (M^+ , 64), 131 (60), 52 (71), 39 (100). Anal. Calcd for $C_9H_8N_2O$: C, 74.96; H, 8.88; N, 10.28. Found: C, 74.94; H, 8.85; N, 10.36.
- 17b: colorless prisms ($CHCl_3$), mp 203.5-205°C. 1H -NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 2.36 (3H, s), 6.18, 7.62 (each 1H, d, $J = 2.2$ Hz), 6.77, 7.37 (each 2H, d, $J = 9.0$ Hz), 7.48-8.40 (1H, br. disappeared with D_2O). Mass m/e (r.int): 174 (M^+ , 100), 173 (23), 146 (13). Anal. Calcd for $C_{10}H_{10}N_2O$: C, 68.95; H, 5.79; N, 16.08. Found: C, 68.85; H, 5.80; N, 16.05.
- 17c: colorless needles (C_6H_6 - C_6H_{14}), mp 137-138°C. 1H -NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 2.16, 2.28 (each 3H, s), 5.93 (1H, s), 6.56, 7.02 (each 2H, d, $J = 9.0$ Hz), 10.09 (1H, br.s., disappeared with D_2O). Mass m/e (r.int): 188 (M^+ , 100), 159 (84). Anal. Calcd for $C_{11}H_{12}N_2O$: C, 70.19; H, 6.43; N, 14.88. Found: C, 70.43; H, 6.45; N, 14.89.
- 18a: pale yellow liquid. 1H -NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 6.46 (1H, t, $J = 2.5$ Hz), 6.62-7.42 (4H, m), 7.64 (1H, d, $J = 2.0$ Hz), 7.95 (1H, d, $J = 2.3$ Hz), 10.60 (1H, br.s. disappeared with D_2O). Mass m/e (r.int): 160 (M^+ , 100), 131 (74). Anal. Calcd for $C_9H_8N_2O$: C, 67.49; H, 5.03; N, 17.49. Found: C, 66.93; H, 5.04; N, 16.90.
- 18b: pale yellow liquid. 1H -NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 2.33 (3H, s), 6.20 (1H, d, $J = 2.5$ Hz), 6.70-7.32 (m, 4H), 7.81 (1H, d, $J = 2.5$ Hz), 8.0-8.8 (1H, br, disappeared with D_2O). Mass m/e (r.int): 174 (M^+ , 100), 145 (68). Anal. Calcd for $C_{10}H_{10}N_2O$: C, 68.95; H, 5.79; N, 16.08. Found: C, 68.81; H, 5.84; N, 15.84.
- 18c: colorless needles (C_6H_{14}), mp 135-136.5°C. 1H -NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 2.29, 2.39 (each 3H, s), 6.00 (1H, s), 6.78-7.27 (4H, m), 8.0-10.5 (1H, br, disappeared with D_2O). Mass m/e (r.int): 188 (M^+ , 80), 159 (100). Anal. Calcd for $C_{11}H_{11}N_2O$: C, 70.19; H, 6.43; N, 14.88. Found: C, 70.24; H, 6.36; N, 14.64.
- 19⁴: pale yellow oil. 1H -NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 1.30 (9H, s), 6.70-7.37 (4H, m), 7.56, 7.76 (each 1H, br s), 11.44 (1H, s, disappeared with D_2O). Mass m/e (r.int) 216 (M^+ , 31), 201 (100),
- 20: colorless prisms (C_6H_6 - C_6H_{14}), mp 88.5-90°C. 1H -NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 2.27, 2.29, 2.31, 2.43 (each 3H, s), 5.96, 6.02 (each 1H, s), 7.02-7.29 (3H, m), 10.18 (1H, br s, disappeared with D_2O). Mass m/e (r.int): 282 (M^+ , 100), 239 (11), 175 (12). Anal. Calcd for $C_{16}H_{18}N_4O \cdot H_2O$: C, 63.98; H, 6.71; N, 18.65. Found: C, 64.12; H, 6.77; N, 18.46.

21: pale yellow oil. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3): δ 1.32 (9H, s), 6.47 (1H, t, $J = 2.1$ Hz), 6.98 (1H, d, $J = 8.4$ Hz), 7.18 (1H, dd, $J = 8.4$ and 2.2 Hz), 7.31 (1H, d, $J = 2.2$ Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, $J = 2.0$ Hz), 7.98 (1H, d, $J = 2.3$ Hz), 11.00 (1H, s, disappeared with D_2O). Mass m/e (r.int): 216 (M^+). Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}$: C, 72.19; H, 7.46; N, 12.95. Found: C, 72.02; H, 7.48; N, 12.35.

REFERENCES AND NOTES

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3. M. Tashiro, T. Itoh and G. Fukata, Synthesis, in press (1982).
4. Elemental analysis of 19 could not be carried out since its amount was very small and its purification was very difficult.

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