

## SYNTHESIS OF TETRAHYDRO-5H-DIBENZ[b,d]AZEPIN-6(7H)-ONE

Mohammed N. Samimi, Udo Kraatz, and Friedhelm Korte\*

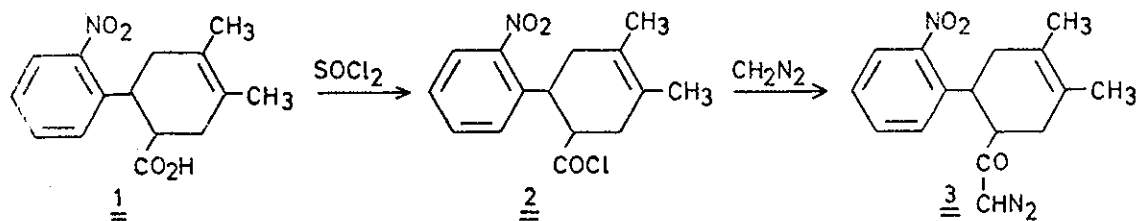
Institut für Chemie der TU-München und Institut für ökologische  
Chemie der Gesellschaft für Strahlen- und Umweltforschung mbH  
München, D-8050 Freising-Weihenstephan, Am Löwentor

9,10-Dimethyl-7a,8,11,11a-tetrahydro-5H-dibenz[b,d]azepin-6(7H)-one is synthesized in six steps starting from o-nitrocinnamic acid.

There are few examples of dibenz[b,d]azepines known<sup>1-4)</sup>. Since we are interested in different derivatives of this heterocyclic system, we have tried to synthesize dibenz[b,d]azepin-6-ones 6 as follows<sup>5)</sup>.

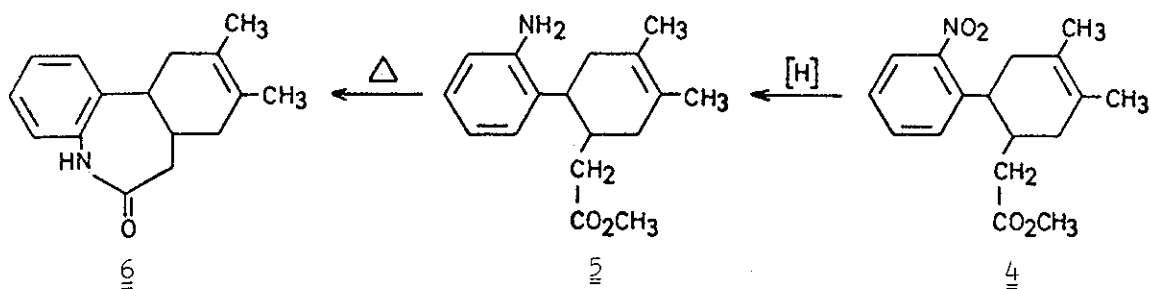
Beginning with trans-o-nitrocinnamic acid and 2,3-dimethylbutadiene, we could obtain 70% yield of phenylcyclohexenic acid 1, m. p. 176°, in a Diels-Alder addition. To our surprise, the reaction at 130° and for the time of 62 h takes place best in p-xylene as a solvent, whereas the yield decreases rapidly in o-xylene or in a mixture of o/p-xylenes. This observation shows how sensitive this reaction is to changes in reaction parameters. This fact had already been stated years before for the addition of butadiene to o-nitrocinnamic acid<sup>6)</sup>. Although in previous experiments high yields of the Diels-Alder adduct of isoprene with o-nitrocinnamic acid could be obtained<sup>6)</sup>, we were not able to repeat such a yield under comparable conditions. The conversion

of the carboxylic acid 1 to the acid chloride 2, m. p. 75° (from ether), i. r. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\nu_{C=O}$  1780 cm<sup>-1</sup>,  $\nu_{NO_2}$  1520 and 1350 cm<sup>-1</sup>, could easily be attained with thionyl chloride.



In order to achieve a chain lengthening according to Arndt-Eistert reaction, the acid chloride 2 was reacted with a solution of diazomethane in ether and converted into the diazoketone 3, m. p. 137°, with a yield of 80%. In i. r. spectra (CHCl<sub>3</sub>) of 3, rather intense bands could be observed at 2105 ( $\nu_{N_2}$ ), 1630 ( $\nu_{C=O}$ ), 1520 and 1360 cm<sup>-1</sup> ( $\nu_{NO_2}$ ); n. m. r. (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  4.8 (1H, s, -CHN<sub>2</sub>).

The following Wolff rearrangement of the diazoketone 3 was carried out in methanol with silver benzoate, dissolved in triethylamine. Methyl ester 4 could thus be obtained with a yield of 65%, m. p. 81°; i. r. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\nu_{C=O}$  1725 cm<sup>-1</sup>,  $\nu_{NO_2}$  1520 and 1350 cm<sup>-1</sup>; n. m. r. (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  3.6 (3H, s, -CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.3 (2H, m, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>). In the next step, this methyl ester 4 was reduced in ethanolic solution with Raney nickel and hydrazine to the amino acid ester 5, m. p. 75° (from ethanol), without effecting the C=C-double bond; n. m. r. (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  3.45 (5H, s, -CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> and -NH<sub>2</sub>), 2.5 (2H, m, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>); i. r. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\nu_{NH_2}$  3450 and 3350 cm<sup>-1</sup>,  $\nu_{C=O}$  1720 cm<sup>-1</sup>. During this reaction, a hydrazinolysis of the ester group in 4 did not yet take place.



In opposition to the usual easy intramolecular cyclization of amino acid esters, this ester 5 does not show such a distinct tendency. Only after 3 h of heating at a temperature of 180° did the expected cyclization to give dibenz[b,d]azepin-6-one 6, m. p. 219° (from ethanol/water), take place. In the n. m. r. spectra (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of 6 the methylene protons next to the carbonyl group appear as multiplet at  $\delta$  2.5. As expected, we found the amide proton (-NH-CO-) at  $\delta$  8.1; i. r. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\nu_{\text{NH}}$  3370 and  $\nu_{\text{C=O}}$  1655 cm<sup>-1</sup>. The two olefinic methyl groups of 6 as well as of the compounds 1 - 5 are the cause of the sharp singlet at  $\delta$  1.65 which is superimposed on the broad multiplet of the alicyclic protons.

Analogously to similar reactions, the Diels-Alder addition should proceed stereospecificly<sup>7,8)</sup> to 1 and the cyclohexene ring should be connected trans with the azepine system in 6, provided that the configuration has not been changed during the reaction sequence.

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